Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy Docket No. DE 23-0xx Direct Testimony of Marisa B. Paruta and Scott R. Anderson August 2, 2023 Page 1 of 13

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF MARISA B. PARUTA AND SCOTT R. ANDERSON

PETITION OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE d/b/a EVERSOURCE ENERGY POLE PURCHASE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM (PPAM) RATE OCTOBER 1, 2023 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

August 2, 2023

Docket No. DE 23-0xx

1 I. INTRODUCTION

2 Q. Ms. Paruta, please state your name, business address and position.

A. My name is Marisa B. Paruta. My business address is 107 Selden Street, Berlin,
Connecticut. I am employed by Eversource Energy Service Company as the Director of
Revenue Requirements and in that position, I provide service to Public Service Company
of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy ("PSNH", "Eversource" or the "Company").

7 Q. Ms. Paruta, please provide your educational and professional background.

A. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in accounting from the University of Connecticut
School of Business. I started my career at Arthur Andersen in the client audit and assurance
practice, continuing at Deloitte in the same practice. I joined Northeast Utilities,
Eversource Energy's predecessor, in 2002. I worked in the accounting organization in
multiple positions leading to the Director of Corporate Accounting and Financial Reporting

1		in 2015. I moved to the Regulatory and Revenue Requirements team in my current position
2		in June 2021. I have been with Eversource Energy for over 20 years.
3	Q.	Ms. Paruta, what are your responsibilities in your current position?
4	A.	I am currently responsible for the coordination and implementation of revenue
5		requirements calculations and regulatory filings for the New Hampshire and Connecticut
6		electric and natural gas subsidiaries of Eversource Energy, as well as the filings associated
7		with PSNH's default Energy Service ("ES"), Stranded Cost Recovery Charge ("SCRC"),
8		Transmission Cost Adjustment Mechanism ("TCAM"), System Benefits Charge ("SBC"),
9		Regulatory Reconciliation Adjustment ("RRA") mechanism and Base Distribution Rates.
	Q.	Ms. Paruta, have you previously testified before the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission (the "Commission")?
11	Q. A.	
11 12	-	Commission (the "Commission")?
11 12 13	-	Commission (the "Commission")? Yes, I provided testimony before the Commission in support of the Company's RRA filings
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10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	-	Commission (the "Commission")? Yes, I provided testimony before the Commission in support of the Company's RRA filings submitted in Docket Nos. DE 21-029, DE 22-010 and DE 23-021; Step 3 Adjustment filing in Docket No. DE 22-030; TCAM Rate filing in Docket No. DE 22-034; Recovery of Storm Expense filings in Docket Nos. DE 22-031 and DE 23-051; Energy Service rate filings in
11 12 13 14 15 16	-	Commission (the "Commission")? Yes, I provided testimony before the Commission in support of the Company's RRA filings submitted in Docket Nos. DE 21-029, DE 22-010 and DE 23-021; Step 3 Adjustment filing in Docket No. DE 22-030; TCAM Rate filing in Docket No. DE 22-034; Recovery of Storm Expense filings in Docket Nos. DE 22-031 and DE 23-051; Energy Service rate filings in Docket Nos. DE 22-021 and DE 23-043; and SCRC rate filings in Docket No. DE 22-039.

1	Q.	Mr. Anderson, please state your name, business address and position.
2	A.	My name is Scott R. Anderson. I am employed by Eversource Energy Service Company
3		as the Manager of Rates in New Hampshire. In this position, I provide support to the
4		Company. My business address is 780 North Commercial Street, Manchester, New
5		Hampshire.
6	Q.	Mr. Anderson, what are your responsibilities in your current position?
7	A.	As the Manager of Rates, I am responsible for activities related to rate design, cost of
8		service and rates administration for the Company.
9	Q.	Mr. Anderson, please provide your educational and professional background.
10	A.	I received a Bachelor of Arts degree in mathematics from Hartwick College in 1986. In
11		September 1986, I began my utility career in Rates and Regulatory Affairs for Central
12		Vermont Public Service Corporation ("CVPS") and rose to the position of Manager of
13		Rates. In 2012, CVPS merged with Green Mountain Power Corporation ("GMP") and I
14		continued as Manager of Rates. In December 2022, I retired from GMP and assumed my
15		current position with Eversource.
$\frac{16}{17}$	Q.	Mr. Anderson, have you previously testified before the Commission or other regulatory bodies?
18	A.	I have testified many times before the Vermont Public Utility Commission. In addition,
19		while at CVPS, I testified before the Commission on behalf of Connecticut Valley Electric
20		Company, a New Hampshire subsidiary utility of CVPS, several times prior to the sale of

that utility to PSNH in 2004. Most recently, I have provided testimony in Docket No. DE
 23-021 (Regulatory Reconciliation Adjustment Mechanism) and Docket No. DE 23-043
 (2023 Energy Service).

4 Q. What is the purpose of your joint testimony?

The purpose of our joint testimony is to explain the various cost components included in $\mathbf{5}$ A. 6 the Company's first pole plant adjustment mechanism ("PPAM") filing. On November 18, 7 2022, the Commission issued Order No. 26,729 in Docket No. DE 21-020 authorizing the Company to purchase certain pole assets from Consolidated Communications of Northern 8 9 New England, LLC d/b/a Consolidated Communications ("Consolidated" or "CCI") (the "Order"). The Order also authorized the Company to recover certain costs related to the 10 transaction through the PPAM; specifically, the Order authorized the Company to recover 11 12costs and expenses associated with operation and maintenance ("O&M") of the transferred poles, pole replacement and inspection costs, and vegetation management expenses. These 13 14 costs are partially offset by the incremental pole attachment revenues Eversource receives as a result of becoming the sole owner of the transferred poles. On May 1, 2023, the 15transaction with Consolidated was finalized and on May 12, 2023, the Company submitted 16 17a compliance tariff to implement the PPAM.

18 Our testimony also provides cost allocation, rate design and bill impacts, and an 19 explanation of how the PPAM will be billed to the Company's customers.

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1 II. OVERVIEW

2	Q.	Ms. Paruta, what portions of the testimony are you responsible for?
3	A.	The Company will explain the various cost components included in its first annual PPAM
4		filing. As discussed above, the Commission's Order approved recovery of certain costs
5		associated with the transaction between Eversource and Consolidated through the PPAM:
		We find that it is in the public interest for Eversource to recover incrementally higher vegetation management, pole replacement, and inspection costs incurred on and after February 10, 2021 through the PPAM if Eversource consummates the Purchase AgreementWe also give weight to the fact that the expenses that are proposed to be included in the PPAM are actual expenses Eversource has incurred or will incur in its normal pole maintenance operations, will be subject to prudence reviews by the Commission, and will be netted against any and all incrementally higher pole attachment revenuesthe Commission accepts the PPAM as proposed by Eversource, and allows the PPAM to operate until the resolution of Eversource's next full rate case. ¹
19		The revenue requirement for the first PPAM is set forth in Attachment MBP/SRA-2. The
20		PPAM cost component included in this filing for Commission approval is vegetation
21		management expenses for the period from February 10, 2021 through December 31,
22		2022.
23 24	Q.	Mr. Anderson, what portion of the testimony are you responsible for?
$\frac{21}{25}$	A.	The Company has prepared bill impacts and tariff changes reflecting the proposed PPAM
26		revenue requirement and rate presented here. The bill impacts and tariff changes

¹ Order at 17-18.

	encompassing all rate changes are provided in Attachments MBP/SRA-3 and MBP/SRA-
	4. I will provide an overview for how the PPAM rate will be billed to customers.
Q.	Has the proposed PPAM rate been calculated consistent with the PPAM Tariff and Commission Order No. 26,729 approved in Docket No. DE 21-020?
A.	Yes, the proposed PPAM rate has been prepared consistent with the terms of the PPAM
	tariff ² and Order No. 26,729.
III.	PPAM ATTACHMENTS
Q.	Please summarize the Company's request.
A.	Eversource's calculation of the proposed overall average PPAM rate for effect on October
	1, 2023 is 0.190 cents per kilowatt-hour (kWh), which represents an overall average
	increase to current rates of 0.6%. As described in more detail in the testimony below, the
	proposed overall average PPAM rate increase is driven by this being the first PPAM rate
	filing under the terms of the PPAM tariff and Order No. 26,729, to recover or refund the
	reconciled costs noted above.
Q.	Please describe the components of the PPAM and their application to this rate request.
A.	The PPAM allows for the recovery or refund of certain costs resulting from the transaction
	with Consolidated. Due to the timing of the transaction, the Company is seeking recovery
	only for vegetation management costs billed to Consolidated for the period from February
	10, 2021 through December 31, 2022. This time period was prior to the consummation of
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 $^{^2}$ The Company notes that the Commission's tariff administrator has not issued a letter of compliance as of the filing of this petition.

the Purchase Agreement and therefore no other categories of costs were incurred and no
incremental pole attachment revenues were collected. PPAM costs calculated and
proposed for recovery in this proceeding include the following:
1. Attachment MBP/SRA-1 is a two-page summary that identifies the recovery of
the Vegetation Management Expense component included in the PPAM
mechanism as described in the table below:

Page Number	Description
1	Overall PPAM revenue requirement and proposed average rate
2	Estimated reconciliation of the overall PPAM mechanism for the forecast
	twelve-month period October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024

- 7
- 8 2. Attachment MBP/SRA-2 is a two-page summary that identifies the Vegetation 9 Management Program ("VMP") costs formerly billed to CCI³ and proposed to be 10 recovered through the PPAM mechanism as described in the table below:

Page Number	Description
1	VMP costs formerly billed to CCI for (i) calendar year 2022, and (ii) total
	combined 2021 and 2022.
2	VMP cost formerly billed to CCI for the period from February 10, 2021 to
	December 31, 2021.

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3. Attachment MBP/SRA-3 is an eight-page exhibit that shows the calculation of the PPAM rates by rate class. This exhibit also provides the bill impacts for some

³ The Company also recovers vegetation management costs through its regulatory reconciliation adjustment (RRA) mechanism rate. The Company's RRA filings in 2021, 2022, and 2023 sought recovery of vegetation management costs incurred less vegetation management costs billed to CCI.

3	4.	Attachment MBP/SRA-4 is a 46-page exhibit that reflects the tariff changes due
2		proposed PPAM rate.
1		typical-sized Rate R residential customers and other class impacts due to the

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4. Attachment MBP/SRA-4 is a 46-page exhibit that reflects the tariff changes due to the proposed PPAM rate adjustment.

5 Q. Please describe how the average PPAM rate is calculated.

A. Attachments MBP/SRA-1 to MBP/SRA-2 provide calculations of the total VMP cost components within the PPAM rate mechanism and a forecast of the monthly recovery mechanism for the period from October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024. The PPAM rate is an average rate based on the total recoveries of the PPAM cost components for the period from February 10, 2021 through December 31, 2022 in accordance with the Purchase Agreement and PPAM tariff approved by the Commission in Order No. 26,729 as noted above. The table below provides the PPAM Rate in cents per kWh. The average PPAM rate is not directly used for customer billing. Each rate class has individual PPAM rates discussed below.

Description	Prior PPAM	DE 23-0xx	PPAM Rate
_	Rate (cents	Proposed PPAM	Change
	per kWh)	Rate (cents per	(cents per
		kWh)	kWh)
Total Average PPAM Rate	N/A	0.190	0.190

6Q.Did the Company include Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (ADIT) in its7calculation of carrying charges as part of this filing?

1	A.	No. In compliance with the PPAM tariff as approved in Order No. 26,729, ADIT is not
2		included in the carrying charge calculation of PPAM over or under recovery.
3	Q.	How has the Company allocated the total average PPAM rate to each rate class?
4	A.	The Company has allocated the total average PPAM rate to each rate class using the same
5		allocation methodology used to allocate prior step rate adjustments and the Regulatory
6		Reconciliation Adjustment Mechanism. That is, the Company calculated an equal
7		percentage increase to each rate class and set rates using the target revenue increase for
8		each rate class. Attachment MBP/SRA-3, page 3 provides the revenue allocation to each
9		rate class, which is based on current Distribution Revenue, and page 4 calculates the kWh
10		or kW rates for each rate class ⁴ . The proposed rates are summarized on page 1 of
11		Attachment MBP/SRA-3.
12 13	Q.	Has the Company included rate exhibits and calculations of the customer bill impacts for the proposed October 1, 2023 PPAM rate change?
14	A.	Yes, this detail is provided in Attachment MBP/SRA-3.

Page 5 provides a comparison of current residential rates effective August 1, 2023,
as compared to proposed rates effective October 1, 2023, for a 550 kWh monthly
bill, a 600 kWh monthly bill, and a 650 kWh monthly bill.

⁴ Note that new Primary General Delivery Service Rate EV-2 rates are a function of Primary General Delivery Service Rate GV. The Company used the same conversion method for the Rate EV-2 PPAM rate that was approved for converting Rate GV Base Distribution rates and the Regulatory Reconciliation Adjustment Mechanism rate to EV-2 rates.

1	• Page 6 provides a comparison of residential rates effective October 1, 2022, as
2	compared to proposed rates effective October 1, 2023, for a 550 kWh monthly bill,
3	a 600 kWh monthly bill, and a 650 kWh monthly bill.
4	• Page 7 provides the average impact of each change on bills for all rate classes by
5	rate component on a total bill basis, excluding energy service.
6	• Page 8 provides the average impact of each change on bills for all rate classes by
7	rate component on a total bill basis, including energy service.
8	The rate impacts provided in Attachment MBP/SRA-3 incorporate the most current rate
9	changes reflecting the (i) Step 3 Adjustment revenue requirement approved in Order No.
10	26,709 in Docket No. DE 22-030 to be recovered over a 12-month period effective August
11	1, 2023; (ii) Energy Service rates reflecting rate changes approved in Order No. 26,851 in
12	Docket No. DE 23-043 effective August 1, 2023; (iii) the Stranded Cost Recovery Charge
13	rate reflecting rate changes approved in Order No. 26,768 in Docket No. DE 22-039
14	effective February 1, 2023; (iv) the Transmission Cost Adjustment Mechanism (TCAM)
15	rate reflecting rate changes approved in Order No. 26,651 in Docket No. DE 22-034
16	effective August 1, 2022; (v) the System Benefits Charge rate reflecting rate changes
17	approved in Order No. 26,745 in Docket No. DE 22-081 and in effect as of January 1,
18	2023; and (vi) the RRA rate change(s) approved in Order No. 26,863 in Docket No. DE
19	23-021 effective August 1, 2023.

20 Q. Has the Company provided updated Tariff pages as part of this filing?

1	A.	Yes. Updated tariff pages are provided in Attachment MBP/SRA-4. The Company
2		requests approval of the PPAM rates shown on those tariff pages.
3	Q.	Will the PPAM appear as a separate line item on customers' bills?
4	A.	With limited exceptions, yes. Currently, the Company has two billing platforms: C2 and
5		Large Power Billing ("LPB"). Nearly all of the Company's customers, including all of its
6		residential customers, are billed using the newer C2 platform. Certain large and streetlight
7		customers are billed using the older LPB platform; these customers comprise less than 1%
8		of the Company's customer base.
9		For the Company's customers billed using the C2 platform, the PPAM will appear as a
10		separate line item. For the Company's customers billed using the older LPB platform, the
11		PPAM charge will be combined with the RRA charge and presented as one single line item
12		on customers' bills. The line item on the bill will clearly identify the charge as
13		"REGULATORY RECONCILIATION ADJ. AND POLE PLANT ADJ. CHARGES".
14		For Outdoor lighting billing, the line item will identify the charge as "REGULATORY
15		RECONCILIATION ADJ. AND POLE PLANT ADJ. OUTDOOR LIGHTING
16		CHARGES."
17		In addition, to ensure transparency for all customers, the Company proposes the use of a
18		bill message for those customers billed using the LPB system, advising that the combined
19		charge on their bills now includes both the RRA charge and the PPAM charge. The bill
20		message area has sufficient character space to accommodate a description of both

1		components. The bill message could also direct customers to the Company's website for
2		additional information on the PPAM charge.
3		
4		Despite the need to combine the charges for presentation purposes on the LPB customer
5		bills, all RRA and PPAM charges will be individually allocated and accounted for entirely
6		separate from each other. The PPAM rate will continue to be accounted for separately,
7		with the annual rate reconciliation and revenue requirement calculation performed separate
8		and distinct from the RRA rate reconciliation and revenue requirement mechanism for all
9		customers.
10 11	Q.	Did the Company consider ways to display a separate PPAM line item on bills for all customers?
12	A.	Yes. The Company assessed the necessary changes to the LPB system to accommodate a
13		new charge and associated line item. However, due to the technology and requirements
14		needed to make changes to the LPB system, the costs associated with such changes far
15		outweighed the benefits to the impacted customers. The estimated costs associated with
16		upgrading the LPB system to accommodate the PPAM rate as a separate bill line item were
17		estimated to be between \$1.1 million and \$1.3 million and would require six months to
		complete the work. This would delay implementation of the PPAM rate until at least April
18		
18 19		2024, resulting in a less gradual collection of the costs authorized for recovery under the
		2024, resulting in a less gradual collection of the costs authorized for recovery under the PPAM assuming that the second PPAM filing is submitted for rates effective October 1,

2024. Further, the PPAM is expected to be a temporary rate mechanism with recovery of
these costs eventually recovered through distribution rates. Upgrades to the LPB system

- 1 to accommodate this temporary rate were not determined to be beneficial in light of the
- 2 costs.
- 3 IV. CONCLUSION
- 4 Q. Does Eversource require Commission approval of the PPAM rates billed to customers 5 by a specific date?
- 6 A. Yes, Eversource requires final approval of the PPAM rates by September 22, 2023, to
- 7 implement the new rates for service rendered on and after October 1, 2023.
- 8 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 9 A. Yes, it does.